

ANAKOVA

bagian 3



Model ANAKOVA dua faktor dan satu variabel konkomitan :

$$Y_{ijk} = \mu + \tau_i + \beta_j + (\tau\beta)_{ij} + \gamma(X_{ijk} - \bar{X}_{...}) + \varepsilon_{ijk} \begin{cases} i = 1, 2, \dots, a \\ j = 1, 2, \dots, b \\ k = 1, 2, \dots, n \end{cases}$$



Contoh

Seorang holtikuluturis ingin mengetahui pengaruh pengaruh varietas bunga (faktor A ; LP dan WB) dan tingkat kelembaban (faktor B ; rendah dan tinggi) pada hasil panen bunga (Y). Karena luas tanah pertanian tidak sama, maka ia menggunakan ukuran petak sebagai kontrolnya (konkomitan, X)

Faktor A	Faktor B (Tingkat Kelembaban)			
	B ₁ (rendah)		B ₂ (Tinggi)	
	Y _{i1k}	X _{i1k}	Y _{i2k}	X _{i2k}
A ₁ (Varietas LP)	98	15	71	10
	60	4	80	12
	77	7	86	14
	80	9	82	13
	95	14	46	2
	64	5	55	3
A ₂ (varietas WB)	55	4	76	11
	60	5	68	10
	75	8	43	2
	65	7	47	3
	87	13	62	7
	78	11	70	9



Ingat... Penentuan JKT pada anava dua jalan...

$$y_{ijk} = \mu + \tau_i + \beta_j + (\tau\beta)_{ij} + \varepsilon_{ijk}$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^a \sum_{j=1}^b \sum_{k=1}^n (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{\dots})^2$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^a \sum_{j=1}^b \sum_{k=1}^n [(\bar{y}_{i\dots} - \bar{y}_{\dots}) + (\bar{y}_{\dots j} - \bar{y}_{\dots}) + (\bar{y}_{ij\dots} - \bar{y}_{i\dots} - \bar{y}_{\dots j} + \bar{y}_{\dots}) + (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{ij\dots})]^2$$

$$= b n \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^a (\bar{y}_{i\dots} - \bar{y}_{\dots})^2}_{JK_A} + a n \underbrace{\sum_{j=1}^b (\bar{y}_{\dots j} - \bar{y}_{\dots})^2}_{JK_B} + n \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^a \sum_{j=1}^b (\bar{y}_{ij\dots} - \bar{y}_{i\dots} - \bar{y}_{\dots j} + \bar{y}_{\dots})^2}_{JK_{AB}} + \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^a \sum_{j=1}^b \sum_{k=1}^n (y_{ijk} - \bar{y}_{ij\dots})^2}_{JK_S}$$

$$JK_T = JK_A + JK_B + JK_{AB} + JK_S$$



jadi...Penentuan Analisis Variansi untuk Y

$$JK_{A-Y} = nb \sum_i (\bar{Y}_{i..} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2$$

$$JK_{B-Y} = na \sum_j (\bar{Y}_{..j.} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2$$

$$JK_{AB-Y} = n \sum_i \sum_j (\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{i..} - \bar{Y}_{..j.} + \bar{Y}_{...})^2$$

$$JK_{T-Y} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{...})^2$$

$$JK_{S-Y} = JK_{T-Y} - JK_{A-Y} - JK_{B-Y} - JK_{AB-Y}$$



Analog untuk penentuan Anava untuk penentuan X

ANAVA untuk XY

$$JK_{T_{XY}} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (X_{ijk} - \bar{X}_{...})(Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{...}) = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k X_{ijk} Y_{ijk} - \frac{X ... Y ...}{abn}$$

$$JK_{A_{XY}} = bn \sum_i (\bar{X}_{i..} - \bar{X}_{...})(\bar{Y}_{i..} - \bar{Y}_{...}) = \sum_i \frac{X_{i..} Y_{i..}}{bn} - \frac{X ... Y ...}{abn}$$

$$JK_{B_{XY}} = an \sum_j (\bar{X}_{.j.} - \bar{X}_{...})(\bar{Y}_{.j.} - \bar{Y}_{...}) = \sum_j \frac{X_{.j.} Y_{.j.}}{an} - \frac{X ... Y ...}{abn}$$

$$JK_{S_{XY}} = \sum_i \sum_j \sum_k (X_{ijk} - \bar{X}_{ij.})(Y_{ijk} - \bar{Y}_{ij.}) = JK_{T_{XY}} - JK_{P_{XY}}$$

$$JK_{P_{XY}} = n \sum_i \sum_j (X_{ij.} - \bar{X}_{...})(\bar{Y}_{ij.} - \bar{Y}_{...}) = \frac{\sum_i \sum_j X_{ij.} Y_{ij.}}{n} - \frac{X ... Y ...}{abn}$$

$$JK_{AB_{XY}} = JK_{P_{XY}} - JK_{A_{XY}} - JK_{B_{XY}}$$



ANAVA untuk X, Y dan XY

SV	Y	X	XY	db
A	JKA_Y	JKA_X	JKA_XY	a-1
B	JKB_Y	JKB_X	JKB_XY	b-1
AB	JKAB_Y	JKAB_X	JKAB_XY	(a-1)(b-1)
Sesatan	JKS_Y	JKS_X	JKS_XY	ab(n-1)
Total	JKT_Y	JKT_X	JKT_XY	abn-1



Uji efek Pengaruh A

i. $H_0 : \tau_i = 0, \forall i$

$H_1 : \tau_i \neq 0, \exists i, i = 1, 2, \dots t$

ii. dipilih α

iii. Statistika Uji :

$$F_{\text{ratio}} = \frac{RK_{A_{(adj)}}}{RK_{S_{(adj)}}}$$

iv. DK : H_0 ditolak jika $F_{\text{ratio}} > F_{(\alpha, a-1, ab(n-1)-1)}$



SV	Y	X	XY	db
A	JKA_Y	JKA_X	JKA_XY	a-1
B	JKB_Y	JKB_X	JKB_XY	b-1
AB	JKAB_Y	JKAB_X	JKAB_XY	(a-1)(b-1)
Sesatan	JKS_Y	JKS_X	JKS_XY	ab(n-1)
Total	JKT_Y	JKT_X	JKT_XY	abn-1

$$JK_{A-E(dip)} = (JK_{A_Y} + JK_{S_Y}) - \frac{(JK_{A_XY} + JK_{S_XY})^2}{(JK_{A_X} + JK_{S_X})}$$

$$JK_{SA(dip)} = JK_{S_Y} - \frac{(JK_{S_XY})^2}{JK_{S_X}}$$

$$JK_{A(dip)} = JK_{A-E(dip)} - JK_{SA(dip)}$$



Tabel anava

SV	Y	X	XY	db
A	JKA_Y	JKA_X	JKA_XY	a-1
Sesatan	JKS_Y	JKS_X	JKS_XY	ab(n-1)
Total	JKT_Y	JKT_X	JKT_XY	abn-1
	=JKA_Y+JKS_Y	=JKA_X+JKS_X	=JKA_XY+JKS_XY	=a-1+ab(n-1)

Tabel anakova A

SV	JK	db	RK(Adj)
A	JKA(dip)	a-1	RKA(dip)
Sesatan	JKS_A(dip)	ab(n-1)-1	RKS(dip)
Total	JKA-E(dip)	a+ab(n-1)-2	

